





### FCC Wants Broadcasting Laws Eased

#### Repeal Is Urged Of Fairness Rules

By Merrill Brown  
Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The Federal Communications Commission, reflecting the impact of its new Reagan appointees, has asked Congress to repeal both the Fairness Doctrine and equal-time rules that govern the nation's broadcasting industry.

The recommendations, made Thursday, are the first in the 47-year history of the Federal Communications Act that the FCC has sought to end the rules that are the basis for the agency's handling of political fairness and campaign issues. The vote was 4-2.

It is uncertain whether Congress will act on the commission's recommendations. At issue is the government's role in regulating the over-the-air content in radio and television. The historic premise of the two laws is the notion of "scarcity," the view that since the broadcast spectrum is limited, the government has a major role to play in ensuring that the electronic media carry multiple points of view.

The Fairness Doctrine requires broadcasters to air controversial topics and to present differing views, while the equal-time law forces licensees who put candidates on the air to grant equal opportunities to other candidates for that office.

FCC Chairman Mark Fowler, a lawyer for Ronald Reagan's 1976 and 1980 campaign organizations, said the two provisions were based on "bankrupt concepts." Mr. Fowler said the "time has come to eliminate a large burden on freedom of speech."

The broadcasting industry for many years has argued that the laws deny the free-speech rights granted newspapers under the First Amendment. A spokesman for the National Association of Broadcasters hailed the commission's action.

But the action drew sharp criticism from citizen groups and others. The two laws "enhance the First Amendment by giving people holding dissenting or not widely held viewpoints an opportunity to express them," said Andrew Jay Schwartzman, director of the Media Access Project and a spokesman for a coalition fighting the proposal.

#### Other Action

Arthur Ginsburg, who left his post as chief of the FCC's Complaints and Compliance Division last year after 20 years with the agency, called the action a "sham" and a "fraud that plays upon the public's ignorance." He added, "If you wipe out the Fairness Doctrine, the richest and most powerful organizations will have their say and you'll never hear the other side of a particular issue."

In addition, the FCC voted to ask Congress to repeal a provision of the Communications Act that specifically guarantees broadcast time to candidates for federal office, a provision certain to rattle congressional leaders. Further, the commission agreed to recommend that the Justice Department, rather than FCC regulators, investigate obscenity, lottery and fraud charges against broadcasters.

The actions are the clearest statement yet by the leadership of a newly revamped FCC of its intention to combine free-market economics with broadcast deregulation.

### Tobacco, Sugar Elude Senate Cuts From Price Supports in Farm Bill

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — Tobacco and sugar price supports are surviving where dairy and peanut subsidies failed as the Senate finishes work on a new four-year blueprint for the nation's farm programs.

The Farm Belt coalition, battered earlier this week, regrouped Thursday to fight off further attacks against commodity price supports. With Senate leaders expecting a final vote soon on the multibillion-dollar farm bill, coalition members were optimistic that they could sidestep attempts to reduce the price levels that trigger direct federal payments to farmers.

The trigger levels now in the farm bill, while higher than Agriculture Secretary John R. Block says is acceptable, have been tacitly endorsed by the Reagan administration, senators say.

The Senate majority leader, Howard H. Baker Jr. of Tennessee, and other Republican leaders played key roles Thursday in turning back attempts to eliminate or scale down the tobacco and sugar programs.

#### Attempts Fail

Sen. Mark O. Hatfield, an Oregon Republican, lost his attempt to eliminate the 43-year-old tobacco program, 53-42. An attempt by Sen. Thomas F. Eagleton, a Missouri Democrat, to scale down tobacco price supports failed, 48-45.

Sens. Dan Quayle of Indiana and Gordon J. Humphrey of New Hampshire, both Republicans, failed in their attempts to strip a

proposed 18-cent-a-pound sugar support program from the farm bill.

The government supports commodities through loans, direct payments or purchases in an effort to maintain adequate supplies of food and fiber and provide some income protection for producers when market prices are depressed.

Critics of the support programs scored two victories earlier, winning Senate approval of reductions in dairy price supports and changes in the peanut program.

Mr. Block had threatened a presidential veto if dairy supports were not cut. But he refused to

take a position on changes in the peanut program, just as he had on the proposals for tobacco and sugar.

On tobacco, Sen. Hatfield said it was a "moral and fiscal irresponsibility" to support prices for farmers growing a non-edible commodity while at the same time cutting money from programs like food stamps and child nutrition.

But Sen. Jesse Helms, a Republican from North Carolina, the nation's largest tobacco producing state, said that ending the tobacco program would throw tens of thousands of families on small farms onto the welfare rolls.

### Pilots' Hangovers Are Cited In U.S. Navy Plane Crashes

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The pilots of at least five, and possibly as many as 22, of the U.S. Navy aircraft that crashed in 1979 had hangovers, although pilots are prohibited from drinking 12 hours before each flight, the Navy said this week.

The figures were released Thursday after Rep. Joseph P. Addabbo, Democrat of New York, the chairman of the House Defense Appropriations Subcommittee, said a soon-to-be-released congressional study had found that alcohol contributed to 15 percent to 20 percent of the Navy's 128 major aircraft crashes in 1979.

Rep. Addabbo said he had no evidence to indicate the pilots were intoxicated or had been drinking immediately before flying. "Maybe they had been drinking the night before," he said.

#### 'Data Is Soft'

The Navy confirmed that the medical reports existed, but a spokesman said the "data is very soft." Since the bodies of many pilots involved in crashes were burned beyond recognition or lost at sea, the studies were often based on interviews about the activities of pilots over the 72 hours before a crash rather than blood samples, the spokesman said.

Two separate reports by Navy medical authorities reached different conclusions about the relationship of alcohol to the 1979 crashes. One said that seven crashes were definitely related to alcohol use. 12 "suggested" some connection and "another four have us wondering."

The other report indicated that five accidents were alcohol-related and 17 may have been.

At a hearing on drug abuse in the military, Rep. Addabbo said his subcommittee's investigation had found the "equivalent of four U.S. combat infantry battalions assigned to Europe are lost because of drug abuse."

Without giving any figures, the

Foot, Healey Cite Arms Hope After Seeing Brezhnev

The Associated Press

MOSCOW — Michael Foot, the British Labor Party leader, after conferring for 80 minutes with Soviet President Leonid I. Brezhnev, said the talks could help bring progress toward limiting medium-range nuclear weapons in Europe.

He said at a press conference Thursday that the Soviet position on the negotiating of limits to such weapons had been "more plainly stated" than on any recent occasion.

The deputy party leader, Denis Healey, who took part in the meeting, reported "a very important clarification" by Mr. Brezhnev of the Soviet position. He said Mr. Brezhnev made a similar statement in October, 1979, but now "there is no doubt it still stands" despite a NATO decision to deploy its own medium-range missiles in Western Europe.

Both visitors pointed to a comment by Mr. Brezhnev in an official statement on the talks that Moscow "is not going to insist on keeping all the missiles deployed in its Western districts and might agree to curtail them ... on condition that the Americans take a reasonable stand and the question of implementing the well-known NATO decision is withdrawn."

Moscow has long campaigned for cancellation of NATO's plans to deploy 572 new nuclear missiles in Western Europe. Mr. Healey noted that Mr. Brezhnev had offered previously to reduce the number of Soviet missiles if new NATO missiles were not deployed. What was significant, Mr. Healey said, was that Mr. Brezhnev had reiterated the offer.

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President Reagan was greeted by former President Gerald R. Ford in Grand Rapids, Mich., where the Ford Presidential Museum was dedicated Friday. Foreign leaders were also on hand.

### Canadian Energy Policy Angers Congress, Reagan Tells Trudeau

By George Skelton  
Los Angeles Times Service

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich. — President Reagan has warned Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau that Congress is up in arms over Canada's nationalistic energy policy, which the president said victimizes U.S. companies.

But Mr. Trudeau responded by saying that he was elected last year largely because he advocates the nationalistic energy policy and added that it is strongly supported by Canadians.

The "most important" thing Mr. Reagan and Mr. López Portillo discussed, said the official, who asked not to be identified, was the turmoil in Central America, particularly in El Salvador.

Mr. Reagan and his foreign policy advisers were irritated when Mexico and France recently announced that they recognized the guerrillas in El Salvador as a "representative political force." The guerrillas are attempting to overthrow the Salvadoran government, which is backed by the United States.

"The Mexican point of view was clarified for President Reagan and I think very satisfactorily," the U.S. official said, refusing to elaborate. "I don't want to suggest we share a common view," he continued, "but the differences are not as sharp, though they remain."

#### Trudeau's Promises

Mr. Trudeau and his Liberal Party came to power last year after campaigning on a platform that promised to increase Canadian control of the nation's economy, especially in energy. Mr. Trudeau's policy, which uses taxing and exploration guidelines favorable to Canadian companies, is designed to reduce foreign ownership of the oil and gas industry from 72 percent to 50 percent by 1990. Nearly

80 percent of foreign investments in Canada are controlled by U.S. interests.

According to a Canadian official who briefed reporters on the Reagan-Trudeau meeting, the subject of the Canadian energy policy by saying it represents a "potentially serious situation" in Congress but that he would try to "contain" the legislators from overreacting. This, he said, would be difficult.

Mr. Reagan's adroitness in pinning U.S. unhappiness on Congress was matched by Mr. Trudeau, who appealed to Mr. Reagan's political instincts in explaining why he was pressing the nationalistic policy, which is highly popular in Canada.

Retaliation legislation pending in Congress includes measures to place a moratorium on Canadian investment in the United States and to stiffen financial requirements for Canadian companies attempting to purchase American businesses.

The Reagan administration official said after the meeting that "it is clear there are some members of Congress who have expressed serious concern." The official added, "I think the president shares concern any time members of the American Congress express their own concern."

### Pentagon Testing Its Equipment to Check Protection Against Alleged Toxins in Asia

By Robert C. Toth  
Los Angeles Times Service

WASHINGTON — The Pentagon has begun studying whether the chemical and biological equipment in the hands of U.S. troops would protect them against the "yellow rain" toxins that the United States asserts have been used in Laos, Cambodia and perhaps Afghanistan, a Defense Department specialist said.

Testing is under way, he said Thursday, to determine whether existing detection and alarm systems, as well as masks, filtering materials and overgarments issued to U.S. forces in Europe, would work against toxins as they will against agents that are clearly chemical or biological in nature.

The official defended the U.S. government's public charge — on the basis of analysis of one sample — that the toxins had been used and the implication that they were used by Soviet technicians or with Soviet support.

Toxins are the byproducts of living organisms such as bacteria and, in the case of "yellow rain," a fungus. These byproducts are not themselves alive and are classed as chemicals. But they are poisonous to living things. As such, they always have fallen into a gray area between biological and chemical categories.

The Pentagon official, who gave the briefing on condition that his name not be used, suggested that the ambiguous nature of toxins

was part of the reason they went so long — unidentified in Southeast Asia, despite repeated reports since 1975 indicating common features in apparently unrelated attacks and in symptoms of illness and death.

One concern about the equipment of U.S. forces, the official said, is that the specially treated charcoal in the filtering apparatus of masks somehow might react with toxins to allow them or a resulting poison to pass through the mask. Although distributed as a powder, the toxins are somewhat volatile, turning into a gas, he said.

No antidote now exists, he said, although developing one would not be difficult. He said it would take at least three years of testing on animals and human volunteers to develop the substance and another three or four years to gain clearance for formal licensing for civilian use.

The official, who has degrees in microbiology and chemical engineering, was one of the specialists who briefed reporters at the State Department on Monday in detailing a charge by Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. that the toxin had been supplied to Communist forces for use in Southeast Asia.

Two other types of poisonous agents also are believed to have been used in one or more of the affected countries, and samples are being analyzed, the official said. The first, called "black rain" or "gray rain," produces sleep lasting from two to six hours, after which the victim remembers nothing, he said. This so-called "incapacitating agent" could be another toxin.

The other type had no discernible "signature" and appeared to be a standard nerve agent causing vision distortion, breathing difficulties and death by paralysis of the nervous system, he said.

More than 3,300 combinations

Kenyan Is to Meet Reagan  
WASHINGTON — President Daniel Arap Moi of Kenya will meet President Reagan at the White House during a visit to the United States later this month, the State Department announced Friday.

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Fossil Jaw of an Unknown Mammal Is Found

Tiny Specimen Found in Arizona Is One of Rarest, Earliest Extant

By Bayard Webster

New York Times Service. The fossil jaw of a small mammal never before known to man has been found on a Navajo Indian reservation in northeastern Arizona.

The finding, coupled with an earlier discovery of the teeth of a known mammal of the same era at the same site, provides the first evidence that mammals were present in North America as early as the Late Triassic or Early Jurassic periods, about 180 million years ago.

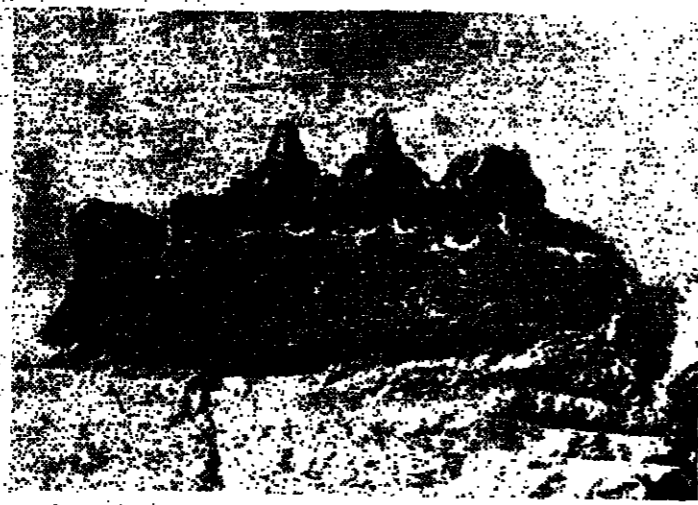
According to the fossil record, the first mammals appeared on Earth about the same time as dinosaurs. Farish Jenkins Jr., leader of the discovery team, said Thursday that although it was not yet known exactly what the newly discovered mammal looked like, the fossil showed that the animal was probably a shrewlike insectivore about the size of a small mouse.

Mr. Jenkins reported the team's findings in an announcement at the National Geographic Society in Washington, which financed the research.

Piece in Puzzle

"This finding gives us a new view of the world of mammals which shows they were much more diverse at the very beginning of mammalian evolution than we had thought," he said. "And it gives us new insights into the mammals of North America at such an early date."

The discovery, made this summer, also provides a new piece in the puzzle of how different species, including man, may have evolved. Mr. Jenkins said, adding that to date the "finding of fossils of early mammals in the world is so rare that all of them would fit in half a shoe box."



The fossil jaw of an unknown mammal, about 180 million years old, was found in Arizona. It is about a centimeter (.39 inches) long. The animal would have been about the size of a mouse.

The few previous findings of early mammal fossils in North America dated only to the Late Jurassic or Early Cretaceous period about 135 million years ago. A few late Triassic fossil mammals had been found in England, Wales and China, but none had been found in America until the recent identification of the Arizona fossil.

Mr. Jenkins, who is curator of vertebrate paleontology at the Harvard Museum of Comparative Zoology, identified the fossil in his laboratory as a new variety of animal by examining the structure of the bone and the wear facets of the four teeth in the jaw.

"I found a triangular pattern of tooth shapes that was distinctly different from that of other small mammals that had been previously identified," he said.

"It's not a known animal type, though we may find that it is related to another group," Mr. Jenkins added, noting that there were so

few specimens found that "all the vertebrate paleontologists knew everything about every find."

The animal's jaw was found embedded in rock by a member of Mr. Jenkins' team after the researchers had been sifting through two tons of broken-up rock for six weeks in the hope of finding evidence of early mammals.

Careful Examination

By placing small quantities of the rocks in a stream and then straining the rocks through screens of various sizes, masses of small rocks were obtained for careful examination by researchers who used picks, small hammers and brushes as they looked for fossils.

When the tiny lower jaw was found in a small stone, it was put through a bath of chemicals of different densities that separated the rock strata from the bone, leaving the fossil undamaged.

For the last four years Mr. Jen-

kins has been working in the cliffs of the Kayenta Formation, a quarry on the Indian reservation, seeking the remains of some of the earliest mammals on Earth.

He and his colleagues had initially turned up fossils of small dinosaurs, turtles and other reptiles. Knowing that these species lived at the same time as the early mammals, they renewed their search for mammalian fossils.

First Discovery

The first discovery of an early mammalian fossil in North America was made last fall at the site when a set of four teeth was identified as that of a Morganucodontid, one of two known mammal varieties from the Late Triassic or Early Jurassic periods. Mr. Jenkins' team resumed its search this summer at the site and found the new animal fossil, dated in the same geologic period as the Morganucodontid.

The earliest mammals, which are warm-blooded vertebrates whose offspring are nursed with milk secreted by the mammary glands, are thought to have been small animals that ate insects. There are more than 4,000 mammalian species that exist today, including man, but thousands of their species have evolved and died out since mammals first appeared.

Although mammals have been on Earth for 180 million years, Mr. Jenkins noted that when dinosaurs became extinct at the end of the Mesozoic Era 65 million years ago, there was an explosion of mammal species thereafter. As a result the discovery of a new species from that said a later era is not unusual, he said.

"But to find a new earliest mammal at the very dawn of mammals — before they became dominant on Earth — is novel, exciting and an important discovery," he said, adding that it would "lead to more active investigation of early mammals."

NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 18

Table with multiple columns showing stock prices, including 12-month stock, high, low, and closing prices for various companies like AAR, AIG, and others.

Mobutu Foe, in U.S., Says Anarchy Is Imminent in Zaire

By James Naughtie

Washington Post Service. WASHINGTON — The former premier and foreign minister of Zaire, in the United States to campaign against what he calls the most corrupt regime in black Africa, claims that Western governments have only a few months to prevent the slide of Zaire into violent anarchy by withdrawing their support for President Mobutu Sese Seko.

Nguzu Karl I Bond has come to the United States to publicize his warnings of impending disaster for Zaire and to offer what he says are details of Mr. Mobutu's personal finances. Mr. Nguzu says Mr. Mobutu took more than \$150 mil-

lion in two years from the Zairian national bank for himself and his family. If the West does not withdraw support for Mr. Mobutu and use diplomatic pressure to remove him, Mr. Nguzu says, Zaire faces imminent economic and political collapse.

Pro-Western Views

Mr. Nguzu, 43, has lived in Brussels since he resigned as premier and left Zaire in April. He is known for strong pro-Western views and says U.S. support for Mr. Mobutu will rebound on the West because the Zairian premier, who seized power in 1965 and has ruled almost single-handedly since, has lost the support of the army and the people and cannot hold the country together much longer.

In starting testimony to the House Subcommittee on Africa this week, Mr. Nguzu said the situation in Kinshasa, the capital, is ripe for uprisings such as the Shaba revolts that shook Zaire in 1977 and 1978. Peaceful change cannot occur while Mr. Mobutu retains power, Mr. Nguzu said.

"Yet change must occur and must occur soon, for the deterioration is so rapid and the danger is so grave that those who would benefit from the destabilization of my country are anxiously waiting to take advantage of the final crumbling of the present regime," Mr. Nguzu testified.

The population is suffering, he said, and some people are starving. Mr. Nguzu told the subcommittee that Zairians believe Mr. Mobutu is responsible and are aware that he has U.S. support.

Passionate Opposition

Later, he spoke quietly of his passionate opposition to Mr. Mobutu, whom he served as foreign minister and premier and who imprisoned and sentenced Mr. Nguzu to death.

Mr. Nguzu said economic disaster had destroyed support for Mr. Mobutu. He said Mr. Mobutu is in

open conflict with the Roman Catholic Church, an important political force, since two-thirds of the population is Catholic.

Throughout the 1970s, Mr. Nguzu was in touch regularly with politicians in many Western countries and was regarded as a moderate and a friend. Now he is using that good will in an effort to persuade the West that Mr. Mobutu should be asked, in effect, to go into voluntary exile with his considerable fortune, leaving others to try to move Zaire toward a more democratic system and to attempt economic improvements.

Mr. Nguzu has made it clear that he will not lead any revolt against Mr. Mobutu if there is a popular uprising. "I will be behind my people and will assume my re-

sponsibilities to the bitter end," he said. Mr. Nguzu is receiving no official recognition in Washington, and the State Department said this week that it would not interfere in the internal affairs of Zaire. As a result, Mr. Nguzu is trying to get his message to Congress and the media, a method with which he had some success in Europe.

On the subject of Mr. Mobutu's financial transactions, Mr. Nguzu said that he recalled being official-ly informed last year as premier that \$30 million in Belgian francs had been transferred by the Bank of Zaire to the president's personal account, and that state companies had been instructed to sell 20,000 tons of copper abroad privately for Mr. Mobutu's benefit.

Indian Parliament Passes Legislation Banning Strikes

The Associated Press

NEW DELHI — The Indian Parliament approved legislation Friday banning strikes in essential industries after a 16-hour debate in the Upper House that ended in a walkout by the opposition.

It was the third straight victory for Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's government in Parliament. On Thursday, her supporters defeated a no-confidence motion. The previous day, her Congress Party overcame opposition to the anti-strike bill in the Lower House.

The debate over the bill in the Upper House was similar to the one in the lower chamber, where the opposition also stormed out.

Opposition spokesmen claimed that the law, which bans strikes in 42 industries in the public and private sectors, is a prelude to emergency rule — a reference to the 1975-77 state of emergency ordered by Mrs. Gandhi.

The bill now goes to President Neelam Sanjiva Reddy for approval. After that formality, it will be announced in the government's official gazette.

Pius Rescued 400,000 Jews From Nazis, New Book Says

The Associated Press

LONDON — Pope Pius XII, who despite Vatican denials has been accused of indifference toward the fate of Jews in the Nazi reign of terror in Rome in 1943, in fact sheltered 400,000 Jews from German deportation, according to a new book published in London.

"The Papacy in the Modern World," by an English Catholic Church historian, the Rev. Derek Holmes, said two German diplomats in Rome deliberately created a smokescreen of "tactical lies" to deceive Nazi authorities in Berlin in order to safeguard the pope's efforts to save the Jews.

Father Holmes said the deception by the German ambassador to the Holy See in 1943, Baron Ernst von Weizsacker, and his deputy Albert von Kessel subsequently became the basis for allegations that Pius was lukewarm on behalf of the Jews.

The author said the two diplomats were trying to stop the Nazis from occupying the Vatican and seizing the pope during a reign of terror in Rome. This followed the overthrow of Mussolini in 1943 after the invasion of Italy by the Allied forces.

Rome Communist Re-Elected Mayor

United Press International

ROME — Luigi Petroselli, a Communist, has been re-elected mayor by the Rome City Council.

Mr. Petroselli, 49, who has been mayor of the capital since September, 1979, was supported by the Socialists, who form part of Premier Giovanni Spadolini's national coalition, in winning 39-25 on Thursday over Giovanni Galloni, a 54-year-old Christian Democrat, on the fifth ballot.

The election of the mayor was held three months after local elections in which the Communist Party retained the plurality on the Rome City Council that it first won in 1976.

Irish Moonie Says She'll Stay in Sect

The Associated Press

DUBLIN — Mary Canning, an Irish schoolteacher who joined the Rev. Sun Myung Moon's Unification Church while vacationing in California, has come out of hiding and says she will stay in the sect despite her family's objections.

"My own personal interests have been considered by my family," Mrs. Canning, 23, of Donegal, said Thursday at a news conference in Dublin. She returned to Ireland on Wednesday night, two days after the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service said she was subject to deportation if she violated terms of her visa by working, including making solicitations for the church.

Miss Canning went to San Francisco in July and met recruiters of the Unification Church, also known as the Moonies. A month later she wired her parents in Ireland saying she had decided to stay. Her father and sister flew to San Francisco to persuade her to return home, claiming she had been brainwashed by church leaders.

Italian Prison Official Shot to Death in Milan

The Associated Press

MILAN — Gunmen ambushed and shot to death a deputy prison warden here on Friday, and police said it might mark the start of an autumn campaign threatened by leftist extremists.

Police said Francesco Rucci, 25, was driving to work at San Vittore prison when gunmen drove to his side, forced him to stop and shot him in the head and chest. A caller later told a radio station that a Communist group had executed a "rascal" of San Vittore.

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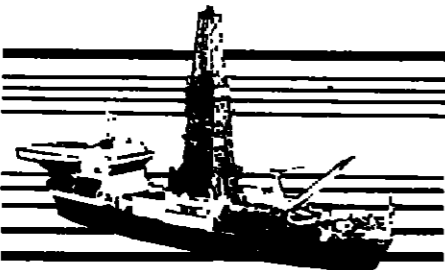
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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 18

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

Financial market data tables including NYSE closing prices, stock market performance, and various indices for September 18, 1981.

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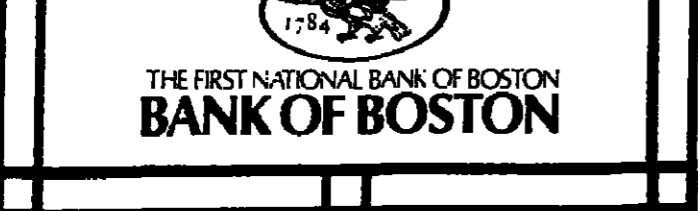
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Profile

Just 4 Lads From Liverpool

by Elaine Davenport

LIVERPOOL — "With their songs and music, the Beatles made the world a lot smaller and a lot of people a lot closer," said guide Dave Jones, surrounded by about 20 Beatles fans...

George "instead of attending lessons would find an empty room and practice." After a quick look at the Razzmatazz Club, which in the 1960s was called the Blue Angel...

"I don't want to stop too much down here," said Jones, "because instead of 20 people we will soon be 78." Conversation was impossible anyway in Williamson Square...

"They may change their mind again," said Jones. "The officials left as though the Beatles left Liverpool and didn't give the city anything..."

Across from the parking lot on the brick wall of another music club are several monuments to the Beatles. Between plaques that say "Beatle Street" and "Four Lads Who Shook The World"...

Also in Mathew Street is the new Beatles Museum and Information Center, privately run by Jim and Liz Hughes. They were affected by the city's love-hate relationship with the Beatles until "we decided enough"...

The next Beatles walk is scheduled for Sept. 26, but similar walks can be organized for groups at a few days' notice...

Father of the Freudian Slip

by Alexandra Tuttle

PARIS — He was compared to de Gaulle and to Napoleon, to Mao Tse-tung and to Jesus. Jacques Lacan, the French psychoanalyst and self-appointed prophet of Freud who died here last week at age 70, was as controversial as any of them...

He was often at the center of the many scandals and disputes on which French intellectual life feeds: from 1953, when Lacan left the Parisian branch of the International Psychoanalytic Association over a dispute about the training of analysts...

It is not yet clear, of course, how Lacan's death will affect the future of the Cause Freudienne, but Miller is convinced of its need. "The scientific discourse of the modern age has enabled us to define man in very precise terms," he says...

Such an emphasis on language is at the heart of the theory first developed by Lacan in an address in Rome in 1953, after his break with the psychoanalytic establishment...

Lacan conceived of language not as a superstructure tacked onto what he called the *parole* or speaking being, but as an essential part of this being. A consequence of his theory is that the sex of a person can be considered as more than a simple anatomical or genetic fact...

Miller says that for Lacan, the unconscious functions as a language does. The psychoanalyst must encourage the patient "to speak without control and must show the patient that 'You are saying anything that comes to mind but my presence means that what you are saying means something.'"

Lacan considered that the aim of psychoanalysis was to enable the patient to understand his weakness, not to avoid it. "The analyst asks the patient to put himself to the test of a certain dispossession of the self," Miller says...

The most controversial aspect of Lacan's theory, however, was his method of analyzing

his patients — his divan-side manner. His eccentric style — for example, 3-minute sessions, instead of the usual 50 minutes — led some of his critics to accuse him of emphasizing theory and teaching to the detriment of the practice of psychoanalysis.

Stories abound of a daily regimen of 30 patients, of a boy who, instead of analysis, was sent off to the Louvre to see its collection of Egyptian antiquities...

Miller insists that there is no reason why a session should have to last more than three minutes. "The psychoanalyst must be free to end the session when he sees fit. One does not pay for a slice of the analyst's time the way one buys a slice of meat at the butcher's."

"Second, the analysis is not achieved solely by interpreting the patient's speech. The interruption of the session at a specific point is a form of interpretation. Third, the unconscious does not keep time by the clock."



Lacan, controversial to the last.

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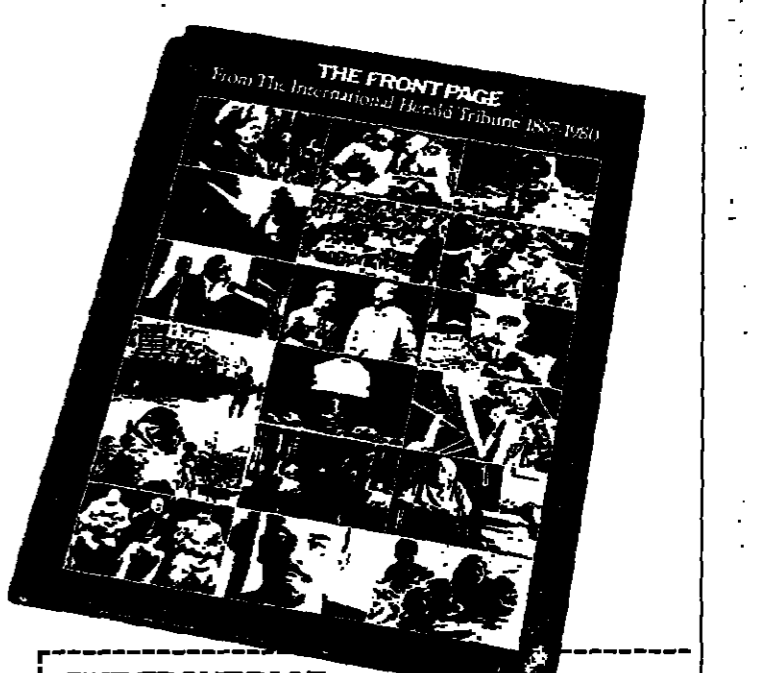
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More Than Sherry in Jerez

Continued from page 7W

met the cloudless deep blue sky at hill crests. This light soil, known as *albariza*, is approximately 40 percent chalk. When wet, it has a pasty consistency. During the hot and rainless summer months, the surface dries out to a fine, brilliant white crust...

*Albariza* soil gives grapes a high alcoholic strength, a balanced acidity and typical sherry character. Two other kinds of soil produce sherry grapes: *barros*, darker than the *albarizas* and only 10 percent chalk, and *arenas*, also 10 percent chalk but with a high sand content.

Clearly any type of soil is dependent on climate, and in Jerez climate is invariable. The average rainfall is 22 inches. Showers start in October, followed by a two-month period of heavy rains. January tends to be dry, clear and cold, while from February through mid-May rain accretions for the 60 percent remaining annual rainfall. The summer months are cloud-

less and torrid with temperatures that sometimes reach 100 degrees.

Sheries are divided into two main families, *finos* and *olorosos*. The *finos* include *amontillados* and *manzanillas*. *Finos* are a pale straw color, light and very dry; *amontillados* have an amber color and a dry, nutty flavor; *manzanillas* come from the Sanlucar region only, are pale, dry, crisp and have a somewhat salty tang. *Olorosos*, on the other hand, tend to be a dark gold or amber and are medium sweet; cream sheries are *olorosos* with a substantial amount of wine from Pedro Ximenez grapes, whose dominant characteristic is sweetness.

"We ship the sweet, and drink the dry," say the *Jerezanos*. After visiting several vineyards (the Domecq company alone has more than 20,000 acres) we returned to the bodegas to see how the grapes are processed and to taste sheries of varying ages and types. This last activity tended to alter my ability to concentrate, reminding me

that the potency of sherry is higher than other wines, usually 18 percent alcohol compared with 12 percent or so.

Because sheries are blended, they have no vintage years. The uniformity of any particular sherry manufacturer's wines depends on the quality of the grapes, their sunning, crushing, fermentation and subsequent treatment and maturation in casks. If you order a sherry in a Jerez bar or cafe, the waiter will bring you not a glass, but a corked half bottle, thereby ensuring its unimpaired quality.

The city's hotels include the five-star Hotel Jerez, Avenida Abasco Domecq 41, approximately \$60 a day for two; the three-star Hotel Capela, Generalissimo Franco 58, \$40, and the one-star El Coloso, Pedro Alonso 13, \$17.

To visit a bodega, advance notice of at least two weeks is usually required.

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BUSINESS NEWS BRIEFS

Eurofer Members Decide to Raise Prices

PARIS — Eurofer, the European Economic Community steelmakers' federation, said Friday that its 15 member companies have decided unanimously to raise their selling prices within the EEC by 56 European Currency Units (about \$11) per metric ton.

Toyota, Nissan August Exports Down Sharply

TOKYO — Exports by Japan's two largest automakers nose-dived in August for their worst monthly showing so far this year, according to figures released Friday.

Arab Shareholders to Take Control of FRAB

PARIS — The Arab shareholders of the FRAB banking group, a consortium set up 12 years ago by Arab, European and Japanese banks, will take full control of the group subject to the approval of the authorities concerned, the Paris unit FRAB-Bank International said Friday.

Citibank to Give Up Share in Far East Bank

HONG KONG — Citibank said Friday that it will give up its 76 percent interest in the Far East Bank to its local founder and chairman, Deacon Chin, who owns the balance.

Investors Have Option on 17% of Kaiser Steel

PALO ALTO, Calif. — A spokesman for Stanley Hiller Jr. said Friday that Mr. Hiller, representing an investment group that intends to enter into negotiations with Kaiser Steel in anticipation of acquiring the company, has acquired an option to buy about 17 percent of Kaiser's common stock for \$50 a share in cash.

CIT Alcatel Plans Stake in U.S. Operation

BREST, France — CIT Alcatel, the telecommunications division of Cie. Generale d'Electricite (CGE) group, will soon announce an "important" financial and industrial accord with a U.S. firm.

Oil Firms Interested in Newmont Union, Standard of Calif. Respond to Offer, Sources Say

By Robert J. Cole New York Times Service NEW YORK — Newmont Mining, quietly extending invitations to a select group of wealthy U.S. corporations to save it from a possible takeover, has received expressions of interest from two big California oil companies, sources close to the discussions say.

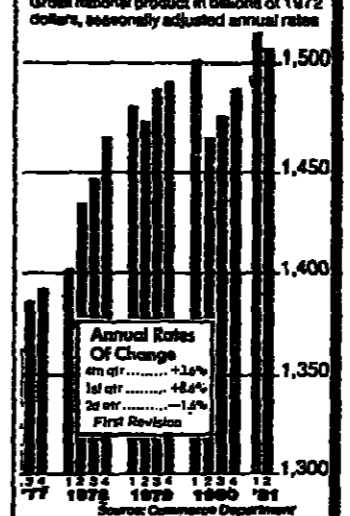
Wall Street Prices Continue Slide

NEW YORK — Investors continued to see few positives in the economic outlook and as a result prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed lower Friday for the fifth day in a row.

U.S. Gold Panel Split on Extension

WASHINGTON — A 17-member commission, meeting to examine arguments for and against a return to some form of gold standard under which the dollar would be convertible into gold at a fixed rate, began its first open session Friday, unable to decide how much longer it should exist.

Real Economic Growth



Data Shows U.S. GNP Falling in 3d Quarter

WASHINGTON — Preliminary estimates indicate the inflation-adjusted U.S. gross national product will decline 0.5 percent in the third quarter, Commerce Department sources said Friday.

Currency Rates

Table of interbank exchange rates for Sept. 18, 1981, excluding bank service charges. Columns include currency, rate, and dollar value.

Mexico to Sell S. Korea Oil

MEXICO CITY — Mexico will sell South Korea 20,000 barrels of crude oil a day, the state-owned oil company Pemex has announced.

Dome Petroleum's Expansion Dims Investor Optimism

By Leonard Zehr AP-Dow Jones TORONTO — As Dome Petroleum prepares to test two possibly huge oil wells in Canada's Beaufort Sea, some analysts are beginning to doubt whether even favorable flow rates will brighten the stock's near-term prospects.

OPEC Surpluses Projected To Decline for Rest of '81

LONDON — The current account surplus of the oil exporting countries is likely to recede slowly over the remainder of this year as the combined current account of the major industrialized countries should improve further, the Bank of England said Friday.

Swiss GNP Up 4% for 1980

BERN — Switzerland's real gross national product rose 4 percent in 1980 compared with 2.8 percent in 1979, the federal statistics office said Friday in its first official 1980 estimate.

United States Virginia Electric & Power

Table showing revenue and profits for Virginia Electric & Power in 1980 and 1979. Columns include revenue, profit, and per share.

COMPANY REPORT

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local currencies unless otherwise indicated.

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FIDELITY WORLD FUND

Notice of Annual General Meeting. Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of Fidelity World Fund, a society anonymous organized under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg (the "Fund"), will be held at the offices of Kredietbank S.A., Luxembourg, 43, Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg, at 11:00 a.m. on September 29, 1981.

"Conclusion—Gold Should Move Higher."

The following is a reprinted article from a current Tony Henfrey's Gold Letter entitled: "US INFLATION RATE AND GOLD BULLION AGAIN".

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TONY HENFREY'S GOLD LETTER

Subscription form for Tony Henfrey's Gold Letter. Includes fields for name, address, city, country, and payment options.

NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 18

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

Table of NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 18, listing various stocks with columns for 12 Month Stock, High, Low, Div., Yld., P/E, and Close.

Table of 12 Month Stock prices, listing various stocks with columns for 12 Month Stock, High, Low, Div., Yld., P/E, and Close.

Table of Quotations in Canadian Funds, listing various funds with columns for Name, High, Low, and Close.

Table of Toronto Stocks, listing various stocks with columns for Name, High, Low, and Close.

Table of Montreal Stocks, listing various stocks with columns for Name, High, Low, and Close.

Advertisement for International Income Fund, providing details on investment options and contact information.

Advertisement for Valuers White Weld S.A., providing services in Switzerland and contact information.

Table of European Gold Markets, listing various gold-related products and prices.

Table of Canadian Indexes, listing various market indices and their values.

Advertisement for Major Business Opportunity in Spain, highlighting investment and business expansion opportunities.

Table of European Stock Markets, listing various European stock exchanges and their performance.

Table of Zurich and Milan stock markets, listing various stocks and their prices.

Advertisement for VALUE LINE, offering comprehensive coverage of 1700 American stocks to European investors.

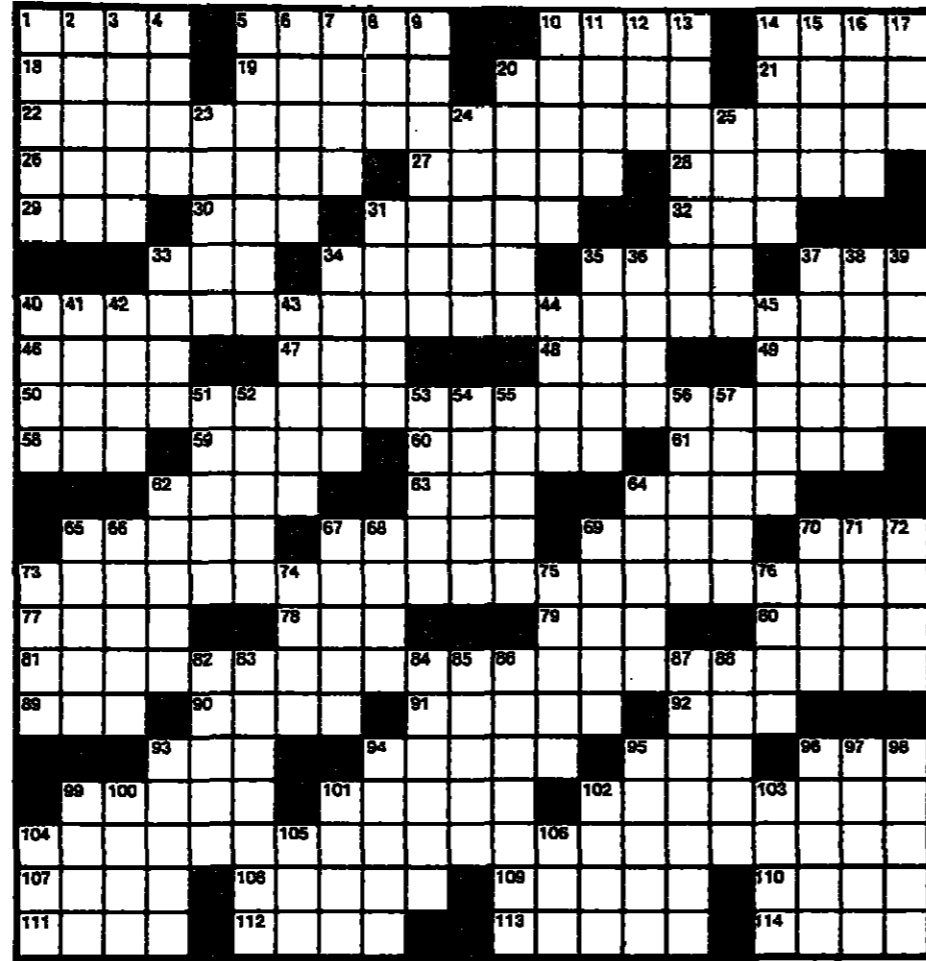
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Advertisement for FOR A MAXIMUM RETURN ON TIME INVESTED, featuring a large graphic and text about investment returns.

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Uncommon Combs: By Reginald L. Johnson



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58 Pod occupant
59 During
60 "Look here!"
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61 Bone: Comb.
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62 Body that
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63 Plumber's
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64 Jet-set
transportation

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3 Poem
4 Night
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5 Having three
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6 Blaggen again
7 Indigo source
8 G.C. or Penn
9 One up to
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10 River to Lake
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11 Villain's
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16 Straws
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25 An antibiotic
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33 Betray
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35 Part of a
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36 Diddy's
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37 Copper-min-
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38 Arctic sight
39 Boutique
40 Sand or mouse
41 Socks
42 Costa—
43 A Ford
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44 Top-eyed god
45 Aides for
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51 Viscount's
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87 Vele—
88 "You—
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Walker hit
89 Broadway girl
94 Certain in-
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95 Kind of yell
96 Martin or
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97 Viscount Tem-
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100 Margaret, to
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101 Blazer
102 Pig.
103 Apostle of the
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104 Modern "arr"
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Table with columns for High/Low and Forecast for various cities like ALGARVE, ALGHEES, AMSTERDAM, etc.

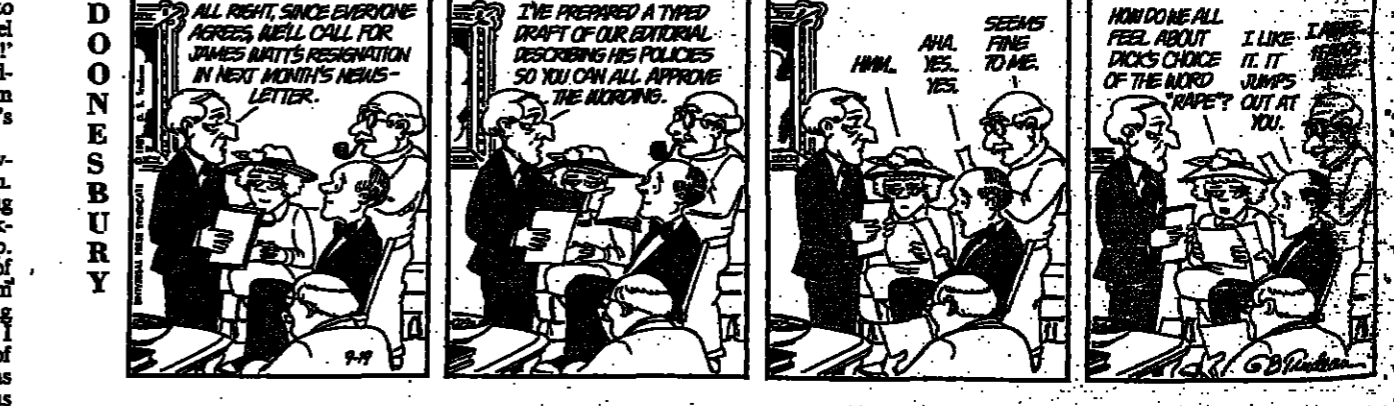
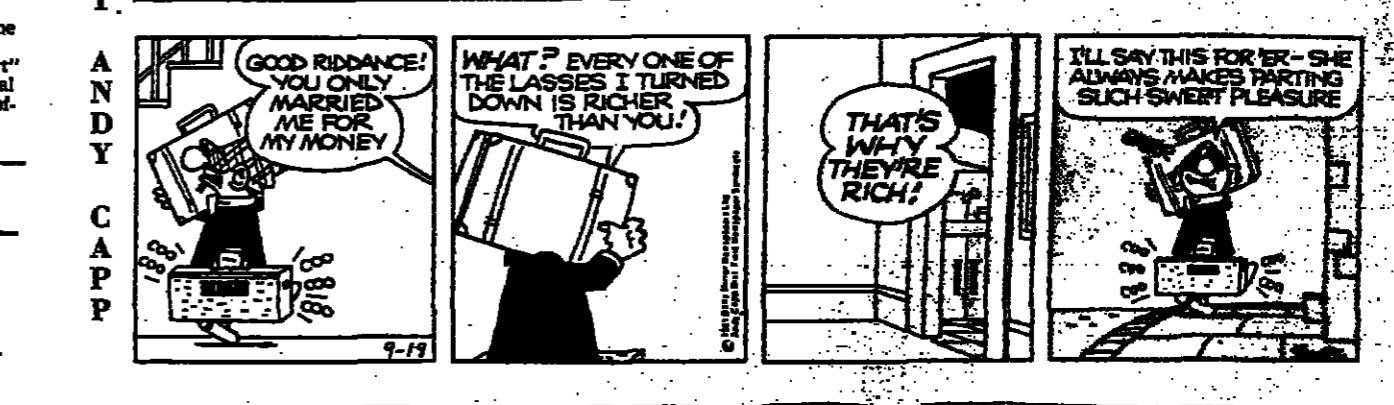
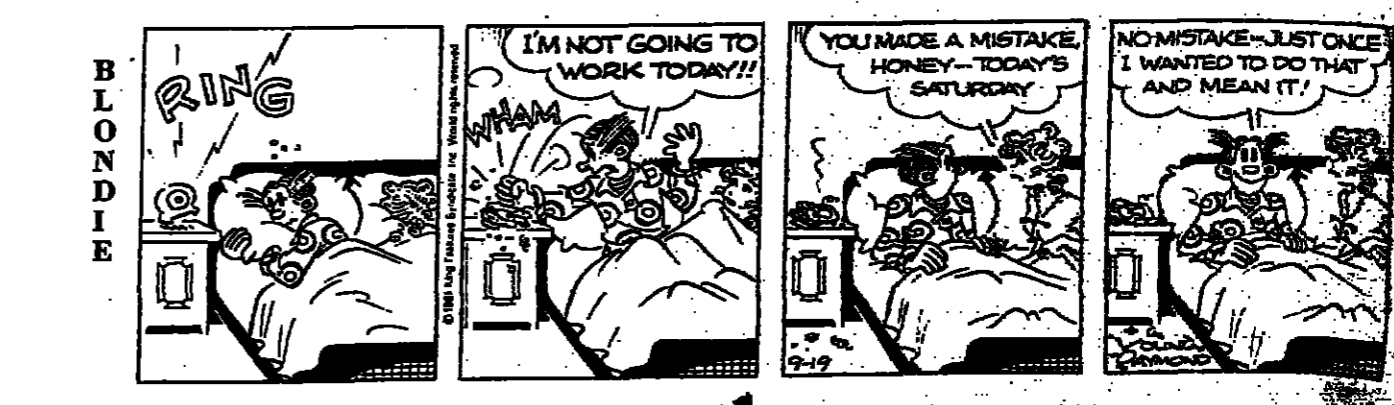
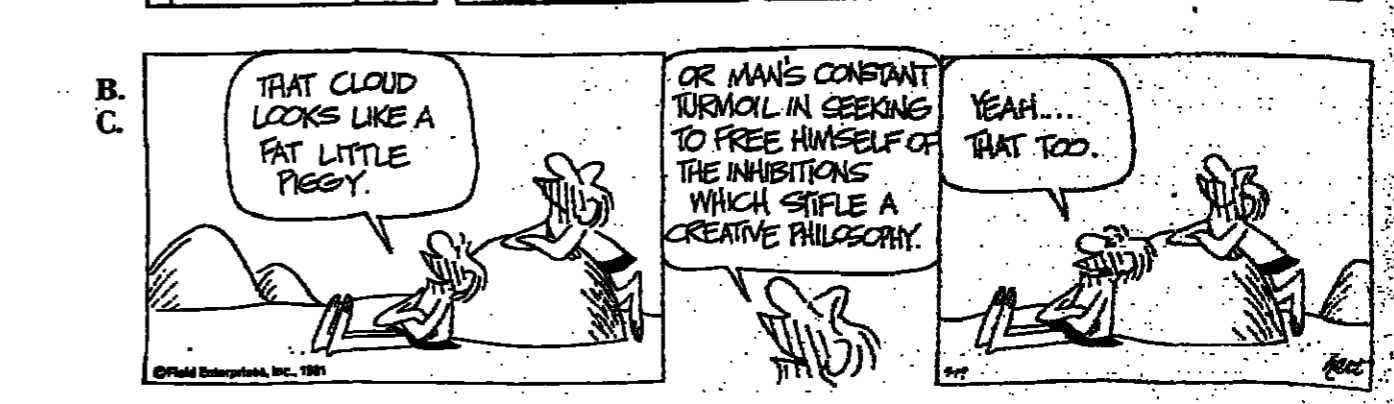
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AMEX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 18

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

Main table of AMEX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices for September 18, 1981, listing various stocks and their prices.

Table of 12 Month Stock High Low Div. in % Yld. P/E 100. High Low Div. Close Prev. High Low Div. Close Prev. High Low Div. Close Prev. High Low Div. Close Prev.

U.S. COMMODITY PRICES

Table of U.S. Commodity Prices including Chicago Futures, New York Futures, and various commodity prices like Wheat, Corn, Soybeans, etc.

International Monetary Market

Table of International Monetary Market prices including British Pound, Canadian Dollar, French Franc, etc.

Market Summary

Market Summary table including NYSE Most Actives, Dow Jones Averages, and Dow Jones Bond Averages.

Commodity Indexes

Table of Commodity Indexes including Cash Prices, Dividends, and Friday's New Highs and Lows.

Tokyo Exchange

Table of Tokyo Exchange prices for various Japanese stocks and commodities.

Selected Over-the-Counter

Table of Selected Over-the-Counter closing prices for September 18, 1981.

Floating Rate Notes

Table of Floating Rate Notes closing prices for September 18, 1981, categorized by Banks and Non Banks.

Dow Jones Bond Averages

Table of Dow Jones Bond Averages including Standard & Poors, NYSE Index, and American Most Actives.

London Commodities

Table of London Commodities prices including Sugar, Cocoa, and other commodities.

Friday's New Highs and Lows

Table of Friday's New Highs and Lows for various stocks.

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